

Literates and literacy rates by sex : 2011

State /UT Code	India/State/ Union Territory #	Literates			Literacy rate (%)		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
	INDIA	778,454,120	444,203,762	334,250,358	74.04	82.14	65.46
01	Jammu & Kashmir	7,245,053	4,370,604	2,874,449	68.74	78.26	58.01
02	Himachal Pradesh	5,104,506	2,791,542	2,312,964	83.78	90.83	76.60
03	Punjab	18,988,611	10,626,788	8,361,823	76.68	81.48	71.34
04	Chandigarh #	809,653	468,166	341,487	86.43	90.54	81.38
05	Uttarakhand	6,997,433	3,930,174	3,067,259	79.63	88.33	70.70
06	Haryana	16,904,324	9,991,838	6,912,486	76.64	85.38	66.77
07	NCT of Delhi #	12,763,352	7,210,050	5,553,302	86.34	91.03	80.93
08	Rajasthan	38,970,500	24,184,782	14,785,718	67.06	80.51	52.66
09	Uttar Pradesh	118,423,805	70,479,196	47,944,609	69.72	79.24	59.26
10	Bihar	54,390,254	32,711,975	21,678,279	63.82	73.39	53.33
11	Sikkim	449,294	253,364	195,930	82.20	87.29	76.43
12	Arunachal Pradesh	789,943	454,532	335,411	66.95	73.69	59.57
13	Nagaland	1,357,579	731,796	625,783	80.11	83.29	76.69
14	Manipur	1,891,196	1,026,733	864,463	79.85	86.49	73.17
15	Mizoram	847,592	438,949	408,643	91.58	93.72	89.40
16	Tripura	2,831,742	1,515,973	1,315,769	87.75	92.18	83.15
17	Meghalaya	1,817,761	934,091	883,670	75.48	77.17	73.78
18	Assam	19,507,017	10,756,937	8,750,080	73.18	78.81	67.27
19	West Bengal	62,614,556	34,508,159	28,106,397	77.08	82.67	71.16
20	Jharkhand	18,753,660	11,168,649	7,585,011	67.63	78.45	56.21
21	Orissa	27,112,376	15,326,036	11,786,340	73.45	82.40	64.36
22	Chhattisgarh	15,598,314	8,962,121	6,636,193	71.04	81.45	60.59

23	Madhya Pradesh	43,827,193	25,848,137	17,979,056	70.63	80.53	60.02
24	Gujarat	41,948,677	23,995,500	17,953,177	79.31	87.23	70.73
25	Daman & Diu #	188,974	124,911	64,063	87.07	91.48	79.59
26	Dadra & Nagar Haveli #	228,028	144,916	83,112	77.65	86.46	65.93
27	Maharashtra	82,512,225	46,294,041	36,218,184	82.91	89.82	75.48
28	Andhra Pradesh	51,438,510	28,759,782	22,678,728	67.66	75.56	59.74
29	Karnataka	41,029,323	22,808,468	18,220,855	75.60	82.85	68.13
30	Goa	1,152,117	620,026	532,091	87.40	92.81	81.84
31	Lakshadweep #	52,914	28,249	24,665	92.28	96.11	88.25
32	Kerala	28,234,227	13,755,888	14,478,339	93.91	96.02	91.98
33	Tamil Nadu	52,413,116	28,314,595	24,098,521	80.33	86.81	73.86
34	Puducherry #	966,600	502,575	464,025	86.55	92.12	81.22
35	Andaman & Nicobar Islands #	293,695	164,219	129,476	86.27	90.11	81.84

Source: <http://www.censusindia.gov.in>, Census of India 2011

General Notes:

1. The figures for India and Manipur, include by sex, the estimated population, 0-6 population and literates of Paomata, Mao Maram and Purul sub-divisions of Senapati district of Manipur for Census 2001 and 2011.
2. For working out density of India and the State of Jammu & Kashmir, the entire area and population of those portions of Jammu & Kashmir which are under illegal occupation of Pakistan and China have not been taken into account.
3. For Census 2011, the population of "Others" has been clubbed with the "Males" for working out population, 0-6 population, literates and related rates and ratios.
4. In working out 'decadal variation' and 'percentage decadal variation' for 1941-1951 & 1951-1961 of India and Nagaland State, the population of Tuensang District for 1951 (7,025) & the population of Tuensang (83,501) & Mon (50,774) districts for 1961 Census have not been taken into account as the area was censused for the first time in 1951 and the same are not comparable.

5. The 1981 Census could not be held owing to disturbed conditions prevailing in Assam. Hence the population figures for 1981 of Assam have been worked out by 'Interpolation'.
6. The 1991 Census was not held in Jammu & Kashmir. Hence the population figures for 1991 of Jammu & Kashmir have been worked out by 'Interpolation'.
7. The distribution of population of Pondicherry (Puducherry) by sex for 1901 (246,354), and 1931 (258,628) and 1941 (285,011) is not available. The figures of India for these years are, therefore, exclusive of these population figures so far as distribution by sex is concerned.
8. Arunachal Pradesh was censused for the first time in 1961.
9. In 1951, Tuensang was censused for the first time for 129.5 sq.kms. of areas only. In 1961 censused areas of Tuensang District of Nagaland was increased to 5356.1 sq. kms.
10. Due to non-availability of census data the figures for the decades, from 1901 to 1951 have been estimated for the districts of Kohima, Phek, Wokha, Zunheboto, and Mokokchung of Nagaland. Estimation however could not be done for Tuensang and Mon as they were not fully censused prior to 1961.
11. As the sex break-up for the districts Sheopur, Morena, Bhind, Gwalior, Datia, Shivpuri, Guna, Ratlam, Ujjain, Shajapur, Dewas, Jhabua, Dhar, Indore, West Nimar (Khargone), Barwani, Rajgarh, Bhopal, Sehore and Raisen is not available for the year 1901. Figures for males and females have been estimated for the year 1901 for Madhya Pradesh.
12. One village Ramtapur (code No. 217 and 101 in 1951 and 1961 respectively) of Jukkal circle of Degulur taluka which was transferred under the state Reorganisation Act, 1956 from Maharashtra to Andhra Pradesh, still continues in Nanded district of Maharashtra. The population of this village has, however, been adjusted in Nizamabad district for the year 1901 - 1951.
13. The names of Uttaranchal and Pondicherry have changed to Uttarakhand and Puducherry respectively after Census 2001

Note of caution:

The figures in this report being of a provisional nature, only the important footnotes have been given above. The detailed footnotes would be given when the final population tables are released.